# IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR COOS COUNTY

ROB TAYLOR,

Plaintiff,

v.

CITY OF BANDON, an Oregon Municipal Corporation,

Defendant.

Case No. 19CV28149

PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

ORAL ARGUMENT REQUESTED

# UTCR 5.050 REQUIREMENTS

Plaintiff estimates that 45 minutes will be required for oral argument. Official court reporting services are requested.

# MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Pursuant to ORCP 47, Plaintiff moves the Court for an order granting summary judgment in favor of Plaintiff because there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and because Plaintiff is entitled to judgment on all his claims as a matter of law. In support of this motion, Plaintiff relies on the provisions of ORCP 47, the pleadings and files in this action, the Exhibits attached to the Declaration of William H. Sherlock, and the points and authorities below.

# POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

### Summary Judgment A.

Summary judgment is appropriate if "the pleadings, depositions, affidavits, declarations and admissions on file show that there is no genuine issue as to any material fact and that the moving party is entitled to prevail as a matter of law." ORCP 47C. No genuine issue of material fact exists if, when all inferences are viewed in a light most favorable to the adverse party, "no objectively reasonable juror could return a verdict for

the adverse party \* \* \* " *Id.* When responding to a properly supported motion for summary judgment, an adverse party may not rely on mere allegations set forth in the pleadings; he "must set forth specific facts showing that there is a genuine issue as to any material fact for trial." ORCP 47D. If a party does not have sufficient evidence to be entitled to a jury determination, there is no genuine issue of material fact. *Jones v. General Motors Corp.*, 325 Or 404, 413-414 (1997).

# B. Undisputed Material Facts

Plaintiff Rob Taylor, ("Taylor") resides in the city of Bandon, Coos County, Oregon ("City"). The City is a home rule municipality as set forth in the "2002 City of Bandon Charter" ("Charter"). Section 5 of the Charter is entitled "Distribution of Power" and states: "Except as this charter prescribes otherwise and as the Oregon Constitution reserves municipal legislative power to the voters of the city, all powers of the city are vested in the council." (Emphasis added).

Sections 46, 47, and 48 of the Charter specifically address how water, sewer and utility rates within the city may be increased:

"Section 46. Limits on Water Rates Established. Except by consent of the voters, any increase in water rates in excess of rates in effect on September 1, 1994, are hereby revoked. (As added by election held September 19, 1995, by a vote of 615 Yes to 357 No.)

Section 47. Limits on Sewer Rates Established. Except by consent of the voters, any increase in sewer rates in excess of rates in effect on September 1, 1994, are hereby revoked. (As added by election held September 19, 1995, by a vote of 620 Yes to 354 No.)

Section 48. Voter Approval Required for New Taxes or Fees. Except by consent of the voters, the City Council shall not impose any new tax or new user fee, nor increase any tax, utility rate, user fee or other charge exceeding taxes, rates, fees and charges in effect on February 13, 1995."

Under Section 49 of the City Charter, the City Council has the power and

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authority to establish and regulate only the following fees:

- (a) Planning Application Fees
- (b) Engineering Review Fees
- (c) Document Fees
- (d) Gorse Abatement Fees
- (e) City Facility Rental Fees
- (f) City Equipment Rental Fees
- (g) City Project Fees
- (h) Public Works Permit Fees

None of the foregoing fee classifications relate to or address water or sewer fees or rate schedules. The only provisions of the Charter that do are found in the above Sections 46-48. Notwithstanding these governing provisions, on June 3, 2019, the city council for the City of Bandon met for their monthly city council meeting wherein the Council agreed and voted to increase the rates charged for water and wastewater utility services, according to Resolution No. 19-08 Amending the Water Rate Schedule, and Resolution 19–09 Amending the Wastewater Utility Rate Schedule, *See* Declaration of William H. Sherlock, *Exhibits 1 and 2*. The increased rates went into effect on July 1, 2019. *Id*.

# C. ARGUMENT

The three very specific sections in the Bandon City Charter quoted above expressly prohibit the City from increasing the utility rates for water and wastewater without consent of the voters. In its Answer, Defendant does not contest the existence or interpretation of these Charter prohibitions on rate increases absent voter consent, but rather launches a collateral attack on them as "unconstitutional infringements on administrative matters and not proper matters for an initiative, as it relates to rates, and therefore should be so declared."

The City's position, however, is meritless for the following reasons. First, "A city's charter is, in effect, the city constitution. Any city ordinance, rule, or regulation in conflict with its provisions is void. [citing] Harder v. City of Springfield, 192 Or 676, 683, 236 P2d 432 (1951); Joplin v. Ten Brook, 124 Or 36, 38-39 (1928). Ordinances that conflict with the city charter must be declared void. Portland Police Assn. v. Civil Service Board of Portland, 292 Or 433, 440 (1982).

There are two limited exceptions that allow the city to pass ordinances that contradict its charter under certain proscribed circumstances. One is when the city declares a legitimate emergency in accordance with the charter and city code provisions that provide the criteria for determining whether an emergency exists. *Greenberg v. Lee*, 196 Or 157 (1952). In the present situation, although Resolutions No. 19-08 and 19-09 alluded to an emergency finding by the Bandon Utility Commission, the city council did not declare an emergency (nor did the ordinances take immediate effect). But even if the city had made such a declaration, it would have violated the State Constitution's prohibitions against attaching emergency clauses to tax or rate increases. Specifically, and as explained in *Advance Resorts of Am.*, *Inc. v. City of Wheeler*, 141 Or App 166, 175–76, 917 P2d 61, 66–67 (1996):

"[T]he primary purpose and effect of the adoption in 1912 of Article IX, § 1a, was to make all tax measures subject to referendum and \* \* \* this was accomplished by forbidding the Oregon legislature from declaring an emergency in the enactment of such legislation. The result, in our judgment, is the same as if the Oregon Constitution included a provision expressly stating that all tax measures enacted by the legislature are subject to referendum.

"For the same reasons, we also conclude that at the time of the subsequent County Home Rule Amendment in 1958, the 'referendum powers reserved to the people' by the Oregon Constitution included then, and still include, the power of the referendum of all tax measures enacted by the Oregon legislature and that this referendum power could not then, and cannot now, be defeated by the declaration by the Oregon legislature of an emergency in the enactment of tax legislation.

"It follows, in our best judgment, that by the adoption in 1958 of Article VI, § 10 (the County Home Rule Amendment), the same 'referendum powers' are 'reserved to the legal voters of every [home-rule] county relative to \* \* \* legislation passed by [such] counties'; that the purpose and effect of Article VI, § 10, was to reserve to county voters with respect to county tax legislation the same 'referendum powers' previously reserved to state voters with respect to state tax legislation; that this includes county legislation imposing new taxes; and that a home-rule county may not defeat the exercise of such 'referendum powers' by the declaration of an emergency in the enactment of such legislation. In other words, Article IX, § 1a, as we view it, is not merely a restriction upon the power of the Oregon legislature, but is a part of the 'referendum powers' reserved to the voters of Oregon." [quoting *Multnomah Co. v. Mittleman*, 24 Or App 237, 551–52, 545 P2d 622 (1975)

The source of the referendum power at issue in this case—relating to the voters of cities, as opposed to home rule counties—is Article IV, section 1(5), adopted in 1968. That article provides that the initiative and referendum powers reserved by the people generally under Article IV, sections 1(2) and 1(3) "are further reserved to the qualified voters of each municipality and district as to all local, special and municipal legislation of every character in or for their municipality or district." In the light of *Mittleman*, there can be no question but that the restrictions of Article IX, section 1a, apply to the referendum powers reserved to the voters of cities and other municipalities.

Advance Resorts of Am., 141 Or App at 177, 917 P2d 61, 67 (1996). Accordingly, defendant has not and cannot avail itself of the emergency clause exception to justify violating the city Charter in this case.

The only other exception whereby an ordinance can usurp a city charter's cap on utility rates is if the cap contradicts state law. *Stadelman v. City of Bandon*, 173 Or App 106, 114 (2001). The issue is thus whether Sections 46-48 of Bandon's City Charter violate state law, allowing the city council to pass Resolutions No. 19-08 and 19-09 without consent of the voters. ORS 287A.325(1) states that "It is a matter of statewide concern that certain covenants made by public bodies regarding a pledge of revenues to secure bonds not be impaired by *subsequent initiative or referendum measures*." (Emphasis added). Subsection (3) of the statute further states that "An elector-approved initiative or referendum measure that *purports to change* ordinances or resolutions affecting rates . . . has no force or effect if giving force and effect to the change would impair existing covenants." (Emphasis added).

This language has been interpreted to invalidate caps on rates insofar as the subsequent caps and reductions prevent public bodies from paying back third parties under existing loan agreements. Id. In Stadelman, the City of Bandon entered into a loan agreement in 1992 with the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) to finance a wastewater treatment plant. Id., at 109. In 1995, Bandon's City Charter was amended to add Sections 47-49 (now Sections 46-48) that reduced the sewage and water rates back to the rates in 1994, and prevented the raising of water and sewer rates absent the consent of the voters. Id. at 109-10. The same defendant, City of Bandon, argued that the same Charter provisions in question in the present case were preempted "only insofar as they do or have been applied to impair this loan agreement." Id. at 113. The Oregon Court of Appeals agreed, finding that the Charter sections were preempted by ORS 288.594(1) because the reduction of the rates would "impair existing covenants' like those in the loan agreement." Id. at 113-14. The court found that the state wanted public bodies to be able to perform contracts they had *already* entered into and the city could not do so in this particular instance. Id. ORS 287A.325 has supplanted ORS 288.594 and 288.517 but carries the same policy to nullify a *subsequent* local charter amendment or ordinance that hinders the performance of existing contracts.

Here, the preemption exception does not apply because there is no contract or covenant binding the city and requiring the raising of rates to pay the indebtedness, nor was there an existing covenant that would be impaired by the Charter provisions. Instead, the city council passed Resolutions No. 19-08 and 19-09, which raised water rates without the consent of the voters, directly in violation of Sections 46-48 of the City Charter, provisions that have been in place for over twenty years. The present case is readily distinguished from the issue in *Stadelman* where the rate reduction Charter provisions were enacted *after* the DEQ contract and loan payback obligations were already in place. Again, in this case it is undisputed that there are no existing contracts or bond obligations with third parties that are hampered by the provisions of the Charter. The reason for the rate increases was due to the local utility commission's and city

council's joint failure to anticipate demand relative to supply, to properly assess the state of infrastructure, and to educate the local citizens as to why and how much rates would have to increase through the local referendum process.

In sum, the Charter provisions against raising rate covenants were in effect well before the city council passing Resolutions No. 19-08 and 19-09, and there is no state law or policy that is violated through the enforcement of Sections 46-48 of Bandon's City Charter. The City Charter cannot be preempted under these undisputed facts. Accordingly, the city council must abide by the "constitution" of the city. Because the city council failed to enact the ordinances increasing sewage and water rates with the consent of the voters Resolutions No. 19-08 and 19-09 must be declared void as the ordinances directly conflict with Bandon's City Charter, and any monies paid by rate payers in excess of what the Charter provisions call for must be refunded.

### D. CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the court should grant Plaintiff's claims for relief and declare that the City Council of Bandon's increase in the rates for water and wastewater utilities as set forth in Resolutions 19-08 and 19-09 occurred without the consent of the voters are therefore void as a matter of law.

DATED this 25th day of October, 2019

**HUTCHINSON COX** 

William H. Sherlock, OSB #903816 Email: lsherlock@eugenelaw.com

Of Attorneys for Plaintiff

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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE				
2	I certify that on October 25, 2019, I served or caused to be served a true				
3	and complete copy of the foregoing PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY				
4	JUDGMENT on the party or parties listed below as follows:				
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8	☐ Via Personal Delivery				
9	Via Facsimile				
10	Via raesimme				
11	Frederick J. Carleton				
12	Of Attorneys for Defendant				
13					
14					
15	HUTCHINSON COX				
16	By:				
17	William H. Sherlock, OSB #903816				
18	Email: lsherlock@eugenelaw.com Of Attorneys for Plaintiff				
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26	8 – CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE HUTCHINSON COX				
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	II.			
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2	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR COOS COUNTY			
3	IN THE CIRCUIT COOKT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR COOS COUNTY			
4	ROB TAYLOR,			
5	Plaintiff, Case No. 19CV28149			
6	v. DECLARATION OF WILLIAM H.			
7	CITY OF BANDON, an Oregon Municipal PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR			
8	Corporation, SUMMARY JUDGMENT			
9	Defendant.			
10	I, William H. Sherlock, do hereby declare as follows:			
11	1. I am the attorney of record for Plaintiff.			
12	2. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is a true and accurate copy of Resolution No.			
13	19-08, of the Mayor and City Council of the City of Bandon.			
14	3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 is a true and accurate copy of Resolution No.			
15	19-09, of the Mayor and City Council of the City of Bandon.			
16	Pursuant to ORCP 1 E, I hereby declare that the above statement is true to the best			
17	of my knowledge and belief, and I understand it is made for use as evidence in court and is subject to penalty for perjury.			
18	DATED this 25th day of October, 2019			
19	HUTCHINSON COX			
20				
21	Ву:			
22	William H. Sherlock, OSB #903816 Email: lsherlock@eugenelaw.com Of Attorneys for Plaintiff			
23	Of Attorneys for Plaintiff			
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# 1 **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** I certify that on October 25, 2019, I served or caused to be served a true 2 and complete copy of the foregoing DECLARATION OF WILLIAM H. 3 SHERLOCK IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR SUMMARY 4 JUDGMENT on the party or parties listed below as follows: 5 Via the Court's E-filing System 6 7 X Via First-Class Mail, Postage Prepaid 8 $\boxtimes$ Via Email 9 Via Personal Delivery Via Facsimile 10 11 Frederick J. Carleton 12 P. O. Box 38 Bandon, OR 97421 13 Of Attorneys for Defendant 14 **HUTCHINSON COX** 15 16 By: 17 William H. Sherlock, OSB #903816 Email: lsherlock@eugenelaw.com 18 Of Attorneys for Plaintiff 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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# RESOLUTION NO. 1908

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BANDON, OREGON, AMENDING THE WATER RATE SCHEDULE.

WHEREAS, the City Council has determined that retail water rates must be increased by twenty-one percent {21%} to provide adequate revenue funds for FY 2019-2020 maintenance and operation expenses of the water utility; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council have determined that the new water rates should become effective for all water utility customers beginning July 1, 2019.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and City Council that the charges for water rate shall be in accordance with the "City of Bandon Water Utility Rates" schedule, dated "July 1, 2019," which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that these water rates shall be effective for all water customers, beginning July 1, 2019; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that all previous water rates in conflict herewith are hereby repealed, and all other water service fees and policies shall remain as existing.

ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Bandon, this 3rd day of June, 2019.

	Mary Schamehorn, Mayor	—
Attest		
Denise Russell, City Recorder		

# CITY OF BANDON WATER UTILITY RATES 1-Jul-19

WA 01 Residential, inside city	1st2000Gal	\$28.44
		\$1.57
WA 02 Commercial/industrial, Inside city	1st 2000 Gal	\$40.54
	1.00 0000 0000	\$1.57
WA 03 Residential, outside city	1st 2000 Gal	\$38.88
	130 2000 Can	\$2.63
WA 04 Commercial/industrial, outside city	1st 2000 Gal	\$50.98
	133 2555 543	\$2.63
WA 05 Additional unit rate-inside city-attached/detached residence (Duplex, triplex, etc.), apartment		\$7.91
WA 06 Additional unit rate-inside city, mobile home park, boat slip, berth, or dock space		\$3.96
WA 07 Additional unit rate-inside city-RV park, motel, bed & breakfast		\$1.22
WA 08 Additional unit rate-outside city-attached/detached residence {duplex, triplex, etc.), apartment		\$11.85
WA 09 Additional unit rate-outside city-motel, bed & breakfast, RV Park		\$2.03
WA 10 Additional unit rate-inside city-commercial business, commercial office building, Industry, common food service facility, common laundry facility		\$7.91
WA 11 Additional unit rate-outside city-commercial business, commercial office building, industry, common food service facility, common laundry facility		\$11.85
WA 12 Additional unit rate-inside city-health/elderly care facility		\$3.51
WA 13 Additional unit rate-outside city-health/elderly care facility		\$5.86
WA 14 Outside City Water Bond		\$20.18
WA 15 2006 Clarifier & UV System Bonds		\$5.99
WA S8 City use onlyno charge		\$0.00
WA 59 City use only-charge-Inside/outside city	1st2000Gal	\$11.64
	1312000001	\$1.39
Water hauling-inside city use	1st 2000Gal	\$16.34
	.st 2000dat	\$1.57
··Water hauling-outside city use	1st 2000 Gal	\$26.78
	13t 2000 Gdt	\$2.63
		42.55

# RESOLUTION NO. 19-09

A RESOLUTION OF THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BANDON, OREGON, AMENDING THE WASTEWATER RATE SCHEDULE.

WHEREAS, the City Council has determined that retail water rates must be increased by twenty-eight percent (28%) to provide adequate revenue funds for FY 2019-2020 maintenance and operation expenses of the wastewater utility; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council have determined that the new water rates should become effective for all wastewater utility customers beginning July 1, 2019.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Mayor and City Council that the charges for water rate shall be in accordance with the "City of Bandon Wastewater Utility Rates" schedule, dated "July 1, 2019," which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that these water rates shall be effective for all wastewater customers, beginning July 1, 2019; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that all previous water rates in conflict herewith are hereby repealed, and all other wastewater service fees and policies shall remain as existing.

ADOPTED by the City Council of the City of Bandon, this 3<sup>rd</sup> day of June, 2019.

	Mary Schamehorn, Mayor	
Attest:		
Denise Russell, City Recorder		

# CITY OF BANDON WASTEWATER UTILITY RATES 1-Jul-19

SW 01 Residential, inside city	1st2000Gal	\$29.08
	Winter(II)	\$4.81
	Summer (6)	\$3.14
SW 02 Commercial/Industrial, inside city	1st 2000 Gal	\$29.08
		\$4.81
SW 03 Residential, outside city	1st 2000Gal	\$45.85
	Winter (11)	\$7.21
	Summer (6)	\$4.70
SW 04 Commercial/Industrial, outside city	1st 2000 Gal	\$45.85
		\$7.21
SW 05 Residential fixedNo water, inside city		\$58.11
SW 06 Residential fixedNo water, outside city		\$80.64
SW 07 Additional unit rate-inside city-attached/detached residence (per unit in a Duplex, Triplex, etc.), apartment (per rental unit to which the tenant has key access, and which has a bathroom(s) and full cooking facilities; plus per washer in a common laundry facility), commercial business (per unit, attached or detached, operating as an independent business), commercial office building (per office or suite of offices operating as an independent business), boat slip, berth, or dock space (per space, when utilized as a residence}, common food service facility (per kitchen when functioning as a common food preparation facility for another use), common laundry facility (per facility when functioning as common laundry facility for another use, except as otherwise specified}, industry (per unit, attached or detached)		\$11.94
SW 08 Additional unit rate-Inside city-mobile home park (plus per washer in a common laundry facility)		\$11.94
SW 09 Additional unit rate-inside city-motel, bed & breakfast (plus per washer in a common laundry facility)		\$5.88
SW 10 Additional unit rate-inside city-RV park {per space, plus per washer in a common laundry facility.		\$7.51
SW 11 Additional unit rate-inside city-health/elderly care facility (per rental unit to which the tenant has key access, and which has a Bathroom and minimal, or no, cooking facilities)		\$9.70
SW 20 Special strength customer-inside city (restaurant, laundromat, special)	1st 2000Gal	\$19.42
CW (O City )		\$5.81
SW 68 City use only -no charge		\$0.00
SW 69 City use onlyChargeinslde/outside city	1st 2000 Gal	\$29.08
		\$4.81